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MADE IN USA

U.S. Patent Nos.: 4.660,546: 5.049,142: 5,053,030; 5,163,959; 5,171,270; 5.723.005; EP0.522.008 Other Patents Pending

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

OPAQUE Herrick Lacrimal Plug®

Instructions For Use



INTRODUCTION

OPAQUE Herrick Lacrimal Plugs are designed for maximum ease of insertion without punctal dilation or topical anesthesia.

The non-dissolvable plugs:

- Are effective in the horizontal canaliculi.
- Never touch the eye.
- Are comfortable after placement.
- Cannot be rubbed out of the punctum.

The plugs may be placed in the superior and/or inferior punctum as a unilateral or bilateral procedure.

INDICATIONS

OPAQUE Herrick Lacrimal Plugs may be used in the treatment of:

- Dry Eye symptoms: dryness, redness, itching, burning, intermittent tearing or foreign body sensation.
- For treatment of ocular dryness secondary to contact lens use.
- To enhance the efficacy of topical ocular medications.
- After surgery to prevent complications due to Dry Eves.
- For the Dry Eve component of: conjunctivitis, keratitis, corneal ulcer, ptervaium blepharitis, red lid margins, recurrent chalazion. corneal erosion. filamentary keratitis and other eve diseases.

OPAOUE Herrick Lacrimal Plugs are indicated by the patient's positive response to The Lacrimal Efficiency Test™ with dissolvable plugs (Lacrimedics).

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Tearing secondary to canalicular obstruction (epiphora), Dacryocystitis with/without mucopurulent discharge.

In patients with suspected epiphora, use lacrimal irrigation or probing (at least 10 days prior to plug insertion) to rule out pre-existing canalicular obstruction.

PACKAGING

OPAQUE Herrick Lacrimal Plugs are medical grade silicone (2 per box), are provided sterile. and premounted on an insertion tool.

Sizes include 0.3mm, 0.5mm and 0.7mm (shaft) diameters. The "collapsible bell" on each plug is approximately 0.85mm. 1.40mm and 1.95mm in diameter respectively.

0.5mm plugs are appropriate for most adults, while 0.3mm plugs are typically utilized in pediatric patients. Use 0.7mm plugs when 0.5mm plugs will not stay in position.

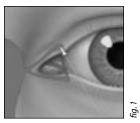


Store product at room temperature or between -10 and +25 degrees Centigrade. Temperatures may move above and below these values temporarily (i.e. during transport)

Authorized European Representative: (NOT A DISTRIBUTOR)

without harm.

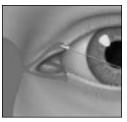
MDCI, Ltd. **Independent House** Imberhorne Lane West Sussex, RH19 1XT, UK



INSERTION

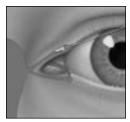
To optimize the patient's response and minimize unwanted epiphora, place plugs into superior canaliculi first.

- a. Inspect the patient's puncta to determine which size plug to use.
- **b.** Remove the sterile packet from the box, peel back the lid (exposing the plug and insertion tool) and hold in your hand like a pencil.
- c. While using magnifying loupes or a slit-lamp, have the patient look away from the point of insertion and evert the eyelid with your finger or cotton-tipped applicator.
- **d.** Guide the tip of the plug partially into the vertical canaliculus until the collapsible bell rests on the punctum (fig 1).



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- e. Move the top of the insertion tool laterally until it is parallel with the lid margin (fig. 2). This straightens the angle between the vertical and horizontal canaliculus allowing for easier insertion.
- f. Advance the plug (toward the nose) completely through the punctum (fig. 3). As the plug passes into the vertical canaliculus it will collapse upon itself. Once beneath the punctum the bell will reopen.
- g. Advance the plug three to five millimeters beyond the punctal opening to ensure that it has been positioned beyond the vertical canaliculus into the horizontal canaliculus.
- **h.** Withdraw the insertion tool from the punctum, being careful not to touch the eye, and inspect the tool to confirm that the plug has been released.
- i. Reinsert the insertion tool as if



repeating steps **c** through **h**. This will ensure that the plug is inserted properly and not lodged in the angle between the vertical

and horizontal canaliculus.

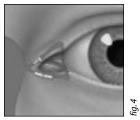
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Should the plug remain on the insertion tool after steps c through h, use sterile forceps to remove and remount the plug on the tool and repeat steps c through i.

After placement, the plug will migrate several millimeters where it becomes lodged in the medial horizontal canaliculus (fig. 4).

For maximum benefit, after placement of the OPAOUE Herrick Lacrimal Plug in the upper punctum, retest the inferior punctum with dissolvable plugs to determine if OPAQUE **Herrick Lacrimal Plugs should** be placed inferiorly.

Follow steps a through i for placement of plugs into inferior canaliculi.



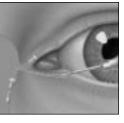
REMOVAL

"Pressure" saline irrigation with the TruPro™ Lacrimal Cannula (fig. 5) or West Lacrimal Cannula (combines irrigation and probing), are the preferred methods for plug removal. Probing the canaliculus should always be followed with saline irrigation.

These procedures are intended to advance the plug through the nasolacrimal duct into the nose or throat where it eventually leaves the body.

In rare cases, surgical methods may be appropriate to achieve plug removal.

Patients experiencing irritation or tearing after plug insertion may benefit from shallow probing (3 to 5 mm only) or repositioning of the plug within the horizontal canaliculus.



CAUTIONS/CONSIDERATIONS

Lacrimal/Punctal Occlusion enhances the efficacy of ocular topical medications. After insertion of OPAOUE Herrick Lacrimal Plugs use a single drop of topical antibiotic to prevent complications related to plug insertion.

SEEING OPAQUE PLUGS

Anytime after insertion, or during removal procedures, use a simple light source to transilluminate the eyelid, and visualize the location and movement of **OPAQUE Herrick Lacrimal Plugs.**

DISCLOSURE

Patients being treated with Lacrimal/Punctal Occlusion should first be informed about benefits and risks and alternative treatments. Have patients sign an Informed Consent Form (sample available from Lacrimedics) to document receipt of this information.

ALWAYS READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USE